

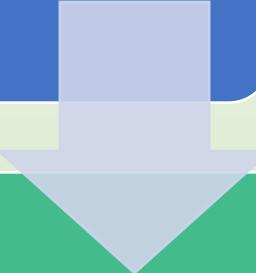
Ochlerotatus trivittatus **(Coquillett, 1902)**

Northeast Mosquito Control Association
December 5, 2018

Todd B Duval, Entomologist
Bristol County Mosquito Control Project
36R Forest St. Attleboro, MA 02703
508-823-5253 • todd.duval@mass.gov



Tribe: Aedini (Latin)

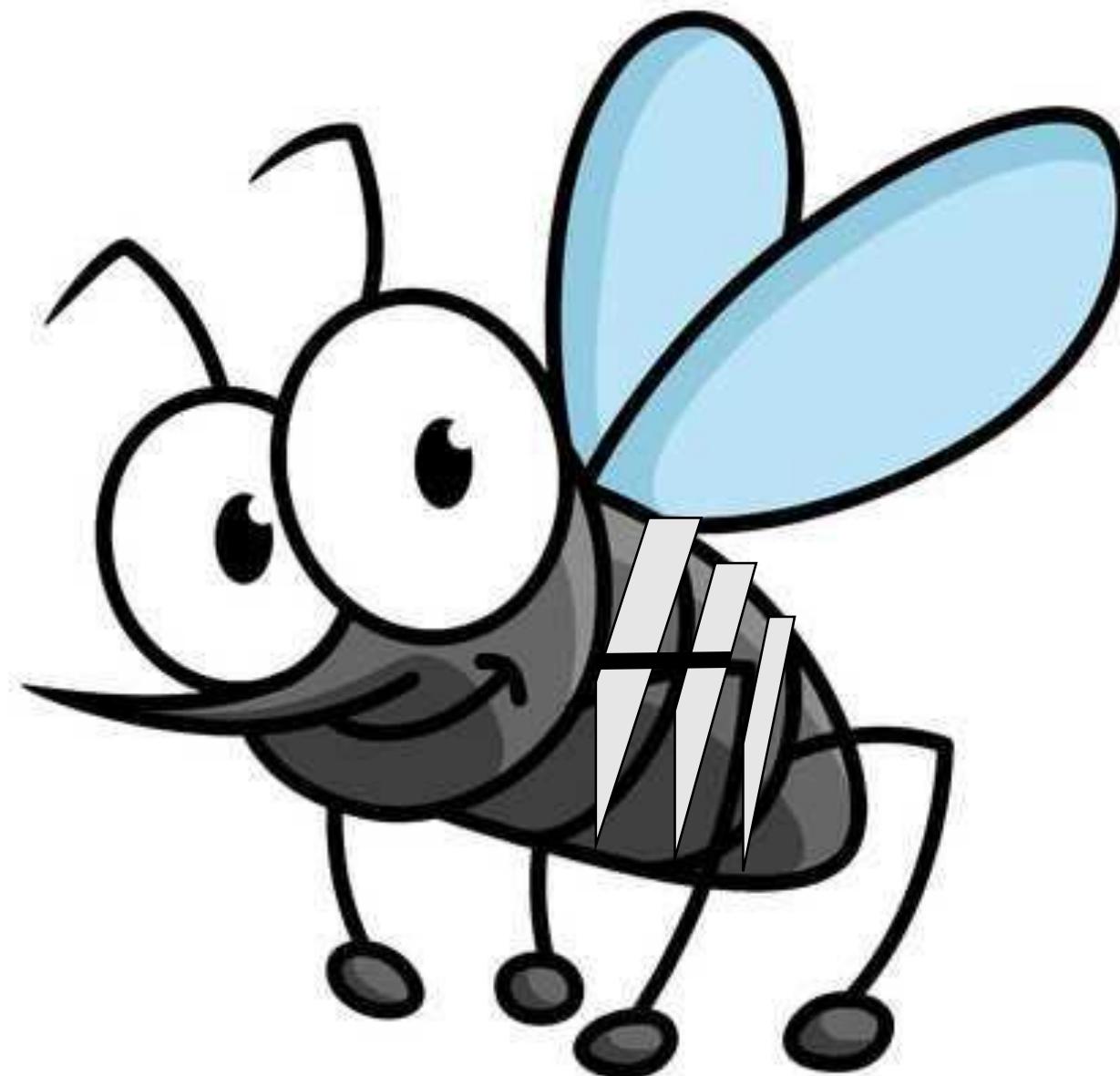


Genus: Ochlerotatus
(Greek)



Species: trivittatus (Latin)

Unpleasant, googly-eyed three-striper



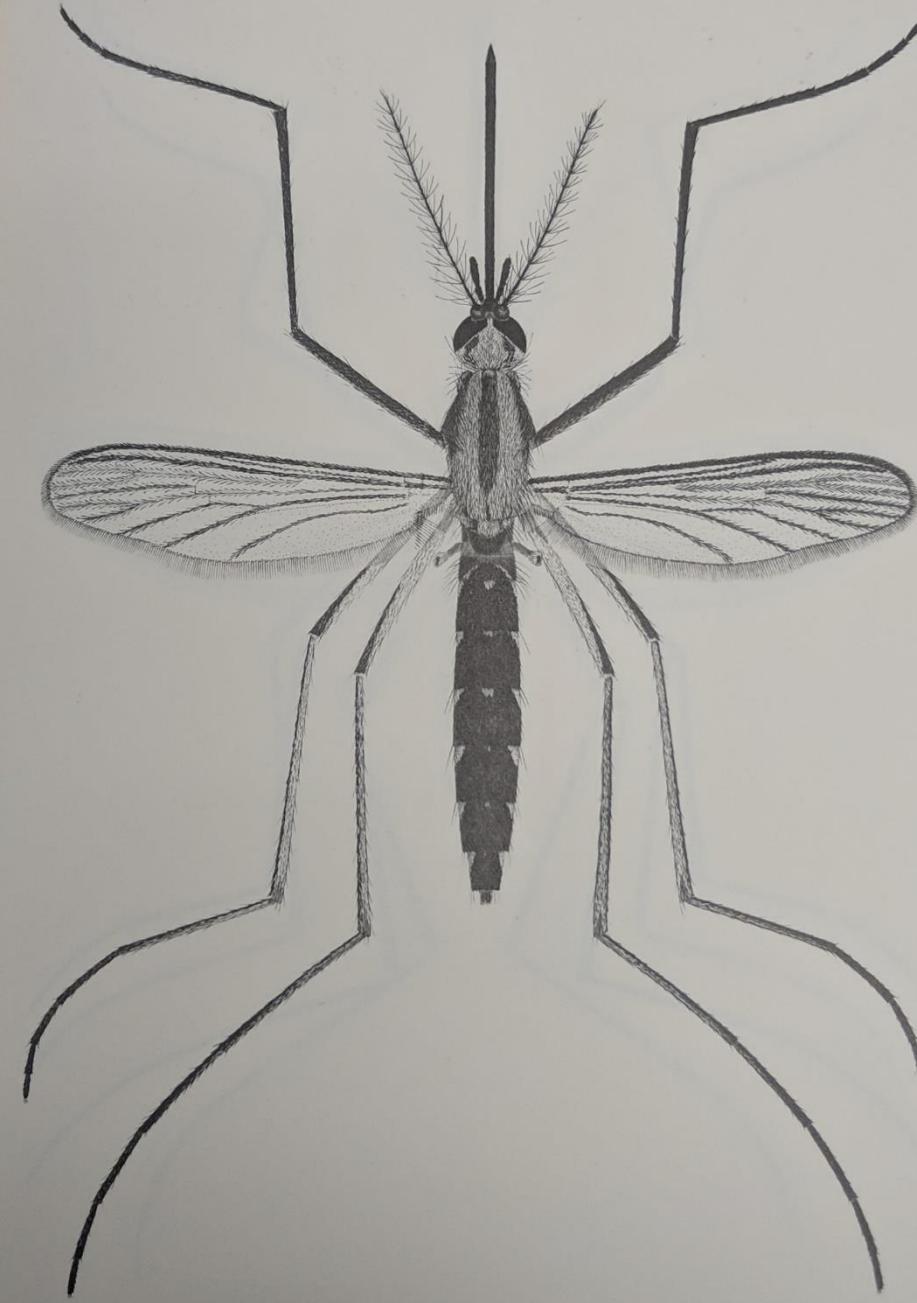


Plate 92. *Aedes trivittatus* (Coquillett), female.

Carpenter and LaCasse 1955

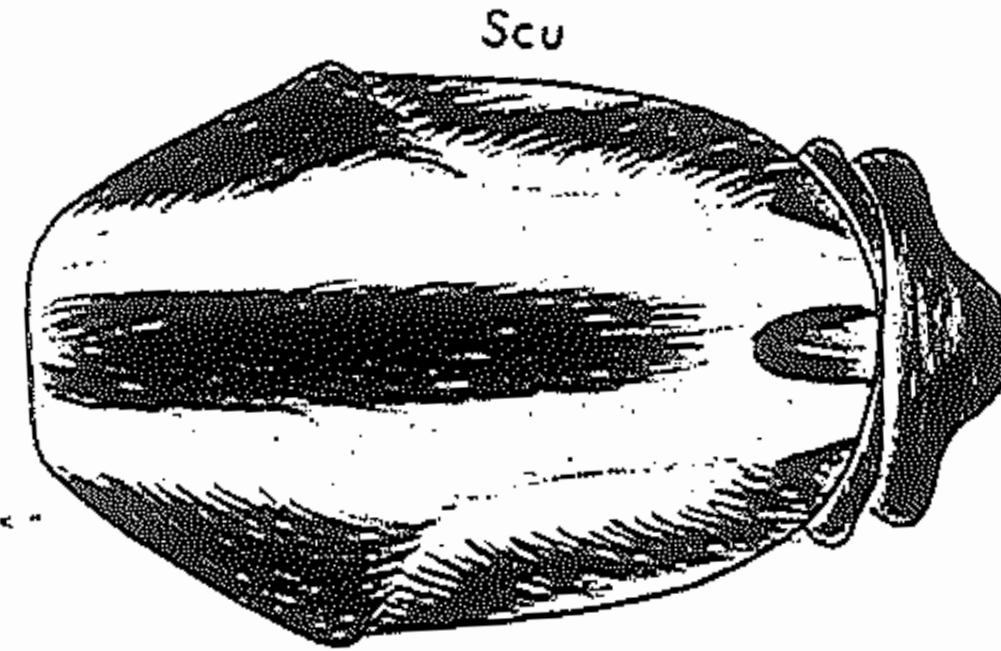


Fig. 202. Dorsal view of scutum: *Oc. trivittatus*

46(43). Scutum with pair of submedian pale-scaled stripes, separated by dark stripe of about same width (fig. 202) *Oc. trivittatus* (plate 23C)

TECHNICAL SERIES, NO. 11.

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE,
BUREAU OF ENTOMOLOGY.
L. O. HOWARD, Entomologist and Chief of Bureau.

A CLASSIFICATION OF THE MOSQUITOES OF NORTH AND MIDDLE AMERICA.

PREPARED UNDER THE DIRECTION OF THE ENTOMOLOGIST

BY

D. W. COQUILLETT,

Assistant Entomologist.



WASHINGTON:
GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE.
1906.

Coquillett 1906

6. Upper side of the thorax yellow-scaled and with three stripes of brown scales;
scales of the wings wholly brown; all the claws of the female toothed.

trivittatus Coq.

7

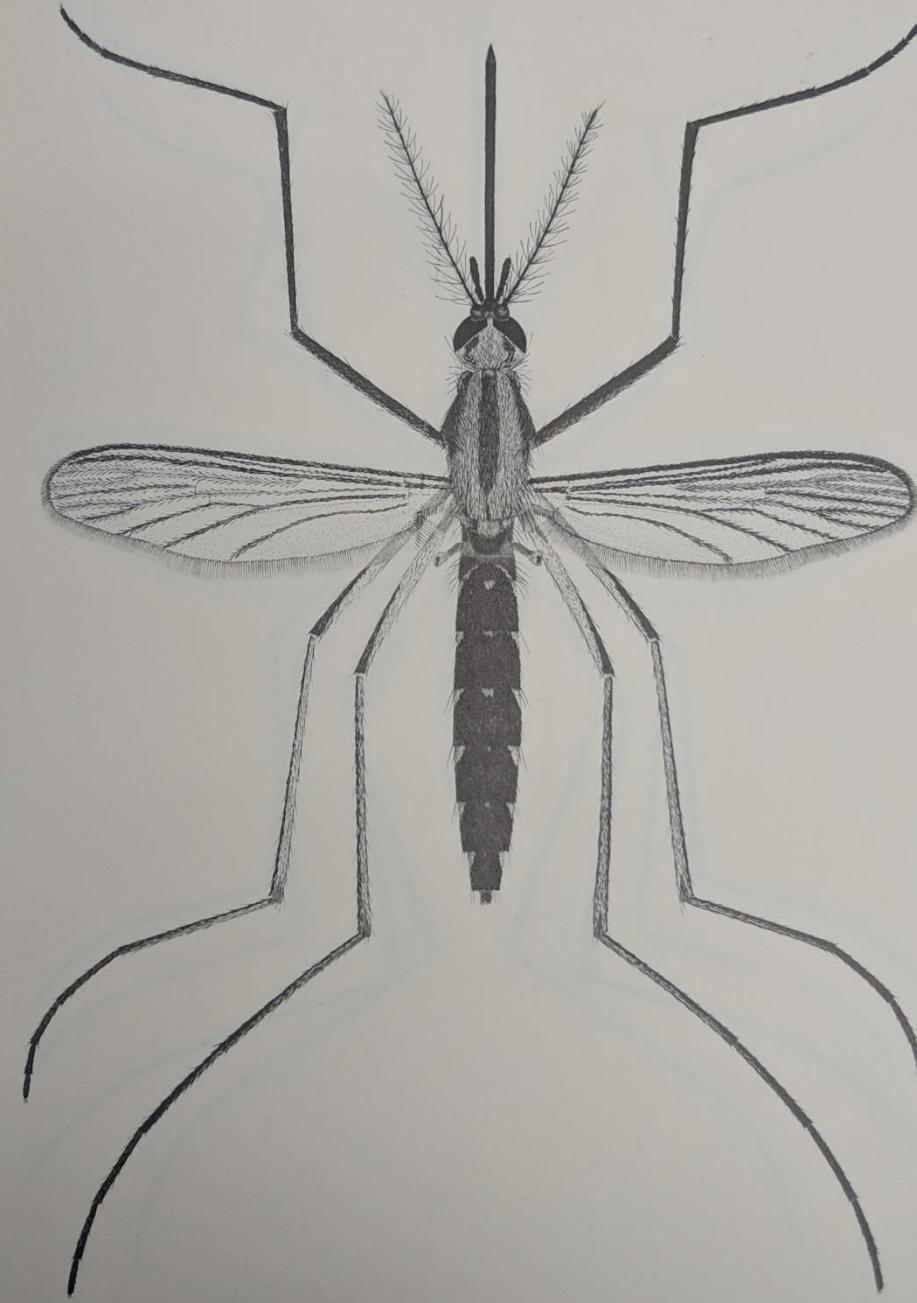


Plate 92. *Aedes trivittatus* (Coquillett), female.

Carpenter and LaCasse 1955



J. Emm, marylandbiodiversity.com 2018



WALTER REED BIOSYSTEMATICS UNIT

WRBU.org 2018



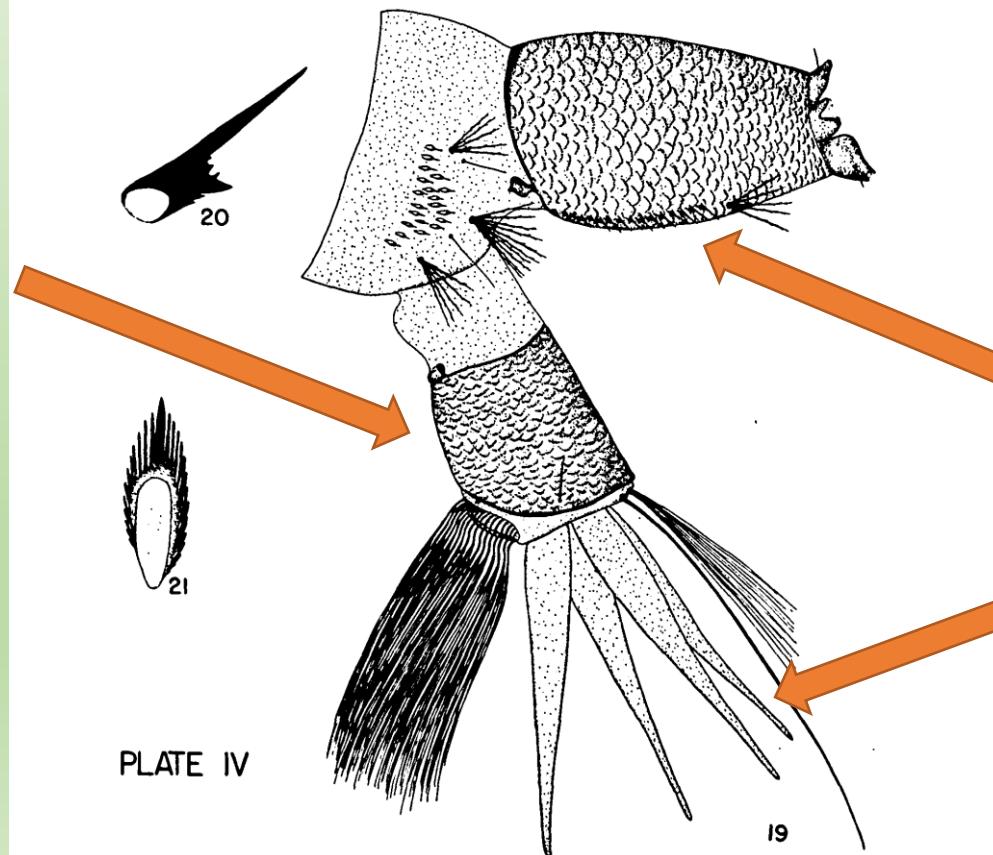
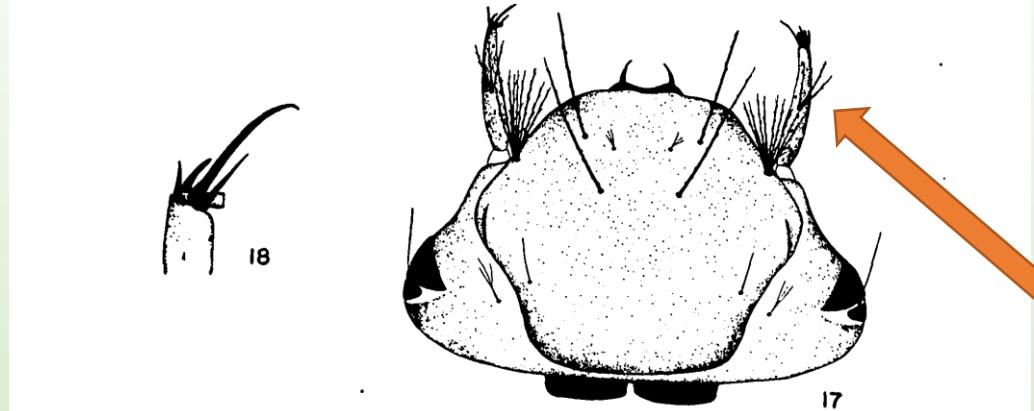
WALTER REED BIOSYSTEMATICS UNIT



WALTER REED BIOSYSTEMATICS UNIT

WRBU.org 2018

Complete saddle



3 hairs not extending past antenna

15-17 pecten teeth, uninterrupted

Anal gills conical, 2x saddle length

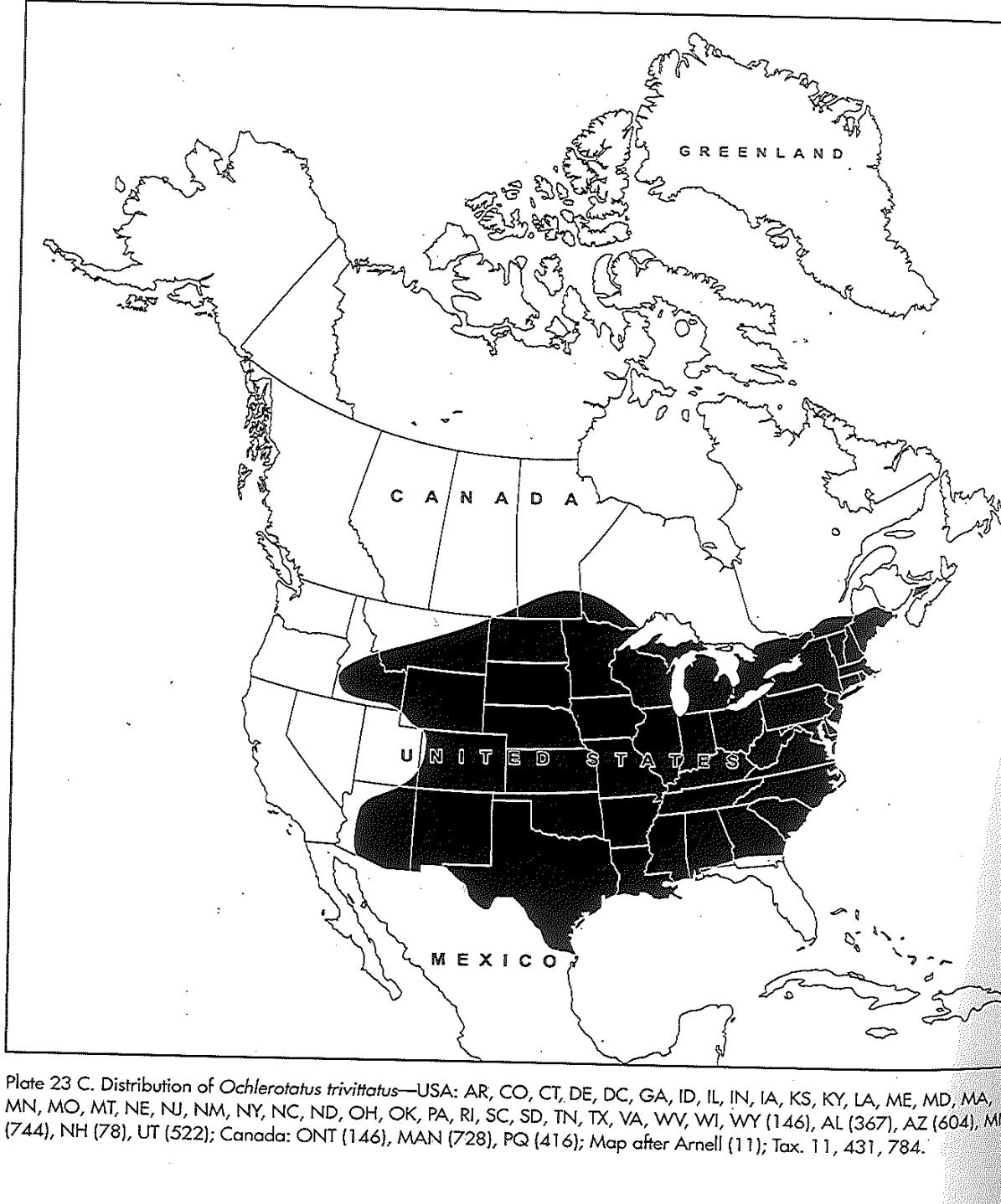


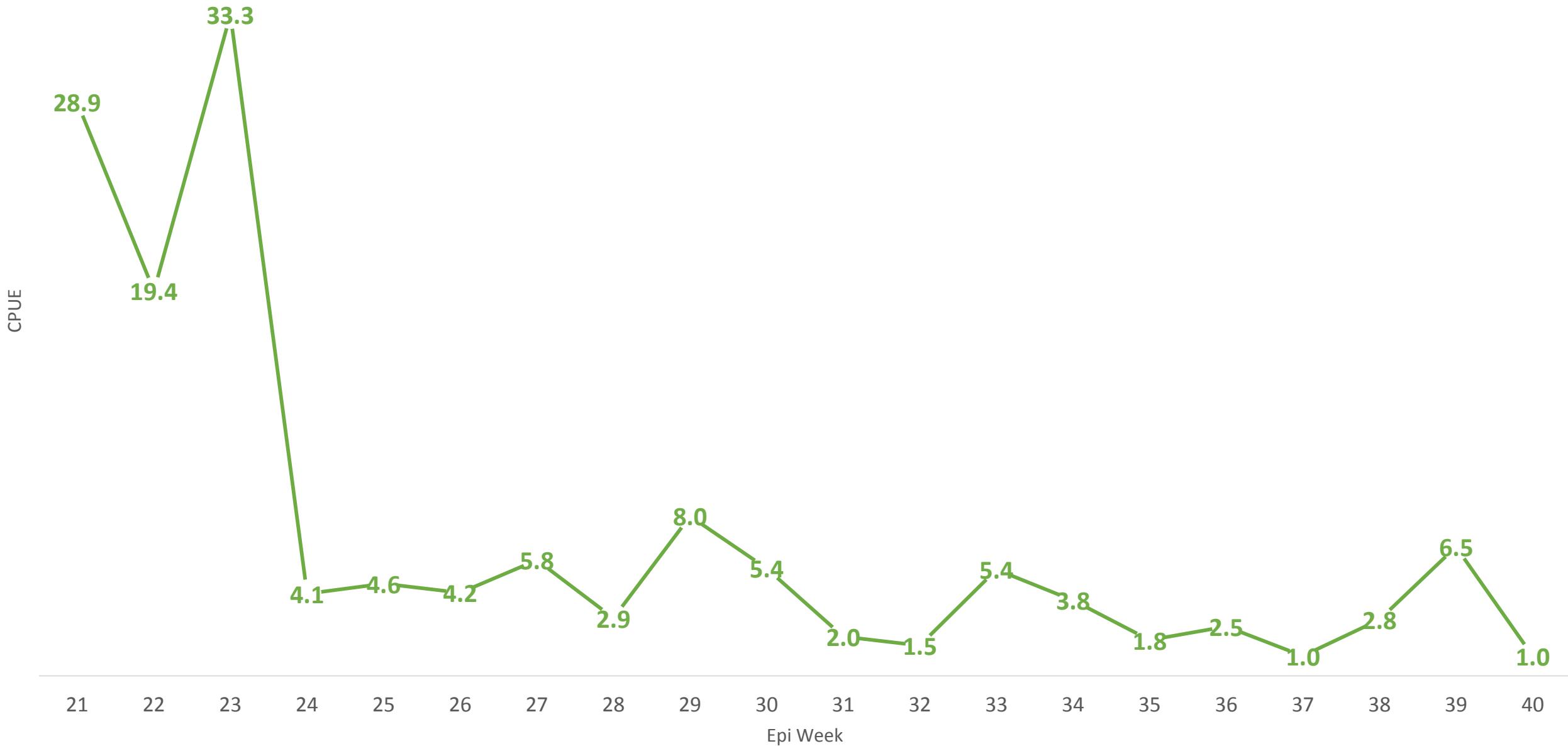
Plate 23 C. Distribution of *Ochlerotatus trivittatus*—USA: AR, CO, CT, DE, DC, GA, ID, IL, IN, IA, KS, KY, LA, ME, MD, MA, MN, MO, MT, NE, NJ, NM, NY, NC, ND, OH, OK, PA, RI, SC, SD, TN, TX, VA, WV, WI, WY (146), AL (367), AZ (604), MI (744), NH (78), UT (522); Canada: ONT (146), MAN (728), PQ (416); Map after Arnell (11); Tax. 11, 431, 784.



Natural History

- Multivoltine
 - Spring broods tend to be larger
- Floodplain breeder
 - Found in same places as *Ae. vexans* and *Ps. ferox* (Abdel-Malek 1949)
 - Hatching cue- grasses? (Abdel-Malek 1948)
- Strong, active flier
- Dawn/dusk biter
 - Will feed in daytime if disturbed
- Omnivorous feeder
 - Small mammals but will bite birds, amphibians and reptiles (Wright and DeFoliart 1970)
- Possibly higher in population than NJ light trap data suggests
 - Large sample bias observed between landing count and NJ light trap (Duryea 1990)
 - CDC and resting box collections closer to observed

OC. TRIVITTATUS POPULATION PER TRAP-NIGHT/EPI WEEK
BRISTOL COUNTY, MA 2007-2018



Public Health Concerns

- Competent vector of
 - West Nile
 - Eastern Equine Encephalitis
 - Jamestown Canyon
 - Cache Valley
 - Snowshoe Hare
 - Potosi
 - Trivittatus
- Dog heartworm
 - Similar to *Ae. vexans*
- Trivittatus Virus
 - *Oc. trivittatus* primary vector
 - Bunyaviridae, California serogroup
 - Transovarial
 - Transstadial
 - Primary host
 - Eastern cottontail rabbit (LeDuc 1979)
 - Some evidence for human infection (Groseth 2015)
 - Seriologic
 - Suspected symptomatic illness
 - No impact on mosquito fitness (Berry 1987)

Works cited

- Abdel-Malek, A. 1948. Plant hormones (auxins) as a factor in the hatching of *Ae. trivittatus* (Coquillett) eggs. *Ann. Entomol. Soc. Am.* 41:51-57
- Abdel-Malek, A. 1949. A study of the immature stages of *Ae. trivittatus* (Coquillett). *Ann. Entomol. Soc. Am.* 42:19-37
- Andreadis, T. et al. 2005. *Identification Guide to the Mosquitoes of Connecticut*. Connecticut Agricultural Experiment Station
- Andrews, W. et al. 1977. Isolation of Trivittatus virus from larvae and adults reared from field-collected larvae of *Ae. trivittatus*. *J. Med. Entomology*. 13(6):699-701
- Berry, W. et al. 1987. Spontaneous flight activity of *Ae. trivittatus* infected with Trivittatus virus. *J. Med. Entomology*. 24:286-289
- Carpenter, S. and W. LaCasse. 1955. *Mosquitoes of North America*. University of California Press
- Christensen, B. 1978. *Dirofilaria immitis*: Effect on the longevity of *Aedes trivittatus*. *Experimental Parasitology* 44:116-123
- Christensen, B. and A. Hollander. 1978. Effect of temperature on vector-parasite relationships of *Ae. trivittatus* and *D. immitis*. *Proc. Helm. Soc. Washington* 45(1):115-119
- Coquillett, DW. 1906. *A Classification of the Mosquitoes of North and Middle America*. US Dept. of Agriculture, Government Printing Office.
- Darsie Jr., R. and R. Ward. 2005. *Identification and Geographical Distribution of the Mosquitoes of North America, North of Mexico*. University of Florida Press
- Duryea, R. 1990. *Aedes trivittatus* in New Jersey. *Proc. N.J. Mosquito Control Assoc.* 73-78
- Groseth, A. et al. 2015. Complete genome sequencing of Trivittatus virus. *Arch. Virol.* 160(10):2637-2639
- LeDuc, J. 1979. The ecology of California group viruses. *J. Med. Ent.* 16(1):1-17
- Snow, K. 2003. A summary of the names of European mosquitoes. *J. European. Mosquito Control Assoc.* 14:16-20
- Watts, D. et al. 1973. Laboratory transmission of LaCrosse encephalitis virus by several species of mosquitoes. *J. Med. Entomology*. 10(6):583-586
- Wright, R. and K. Knight. 1966. Effect of environmental factors biting activity of *Ae. vexans* (Meigen) and *Ae. trivittatus* (Coquillett). *Mosquito News* 26(4):565-578
- Wright, R. and G. DeFoliart. 1970. Associations of Wisconsin mosquitoes and woodland hosts. *Ann. Entomol. Soc. Am.* 63(3):777-786

Thank you!